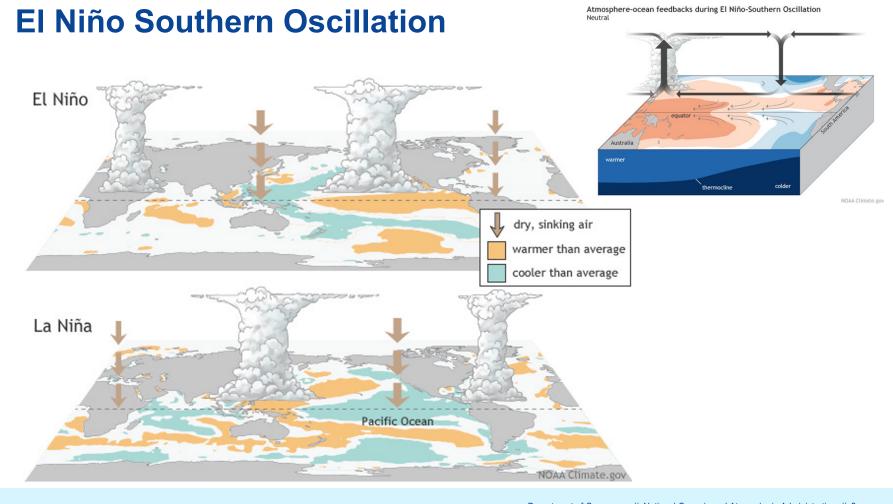
## **NOAA ENSO Update**

equator

Tom Di Liberto Climate Scientist November 2, 2023

## What is ENSO?



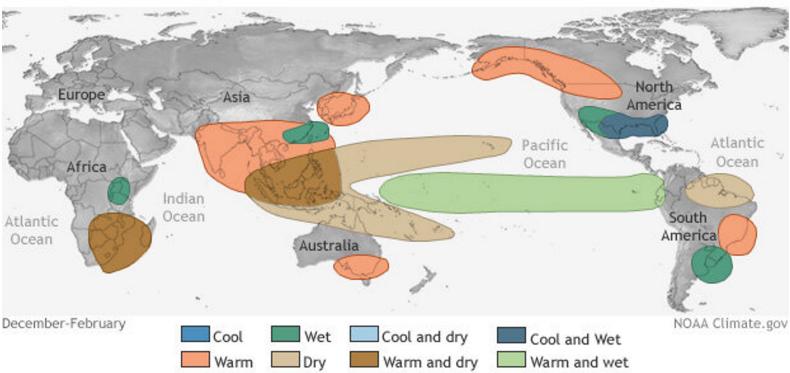
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#### **A Global Pattern**











#### **A US Pattern**

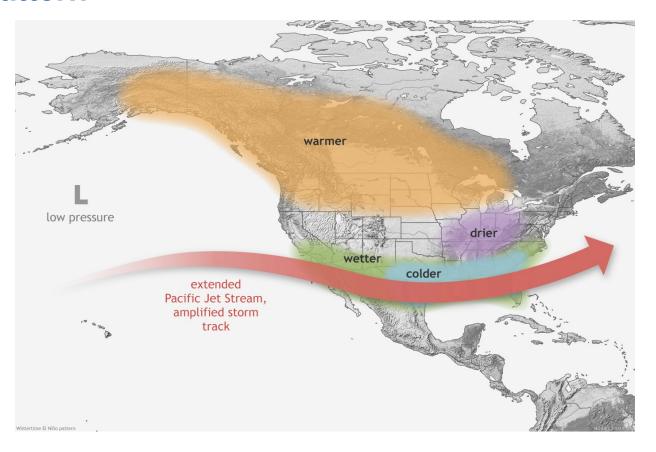






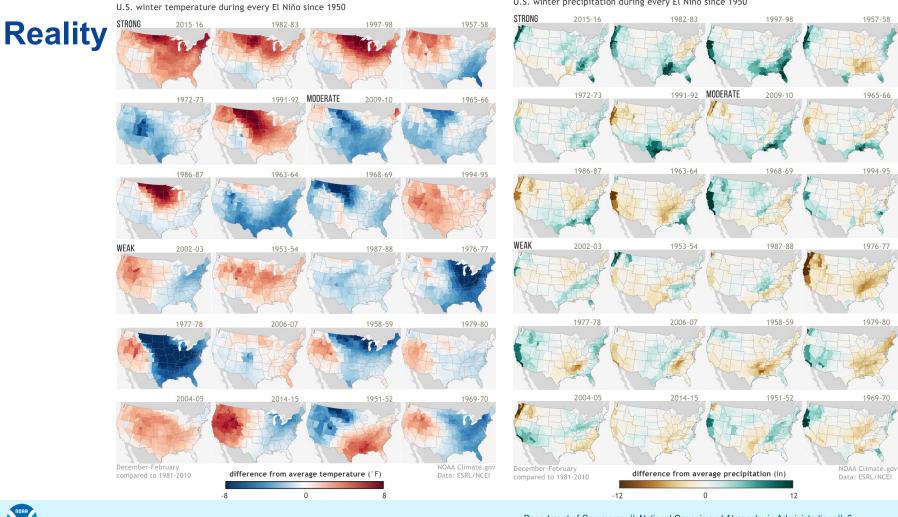














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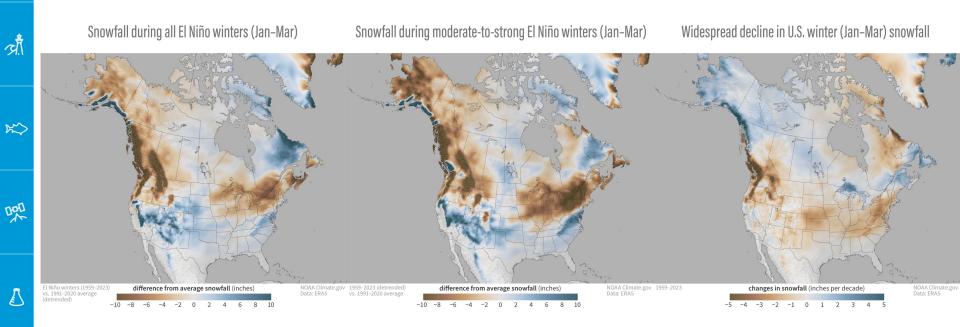
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U.S. winter precipitation during every El Niño since 1950



#### What about snow?











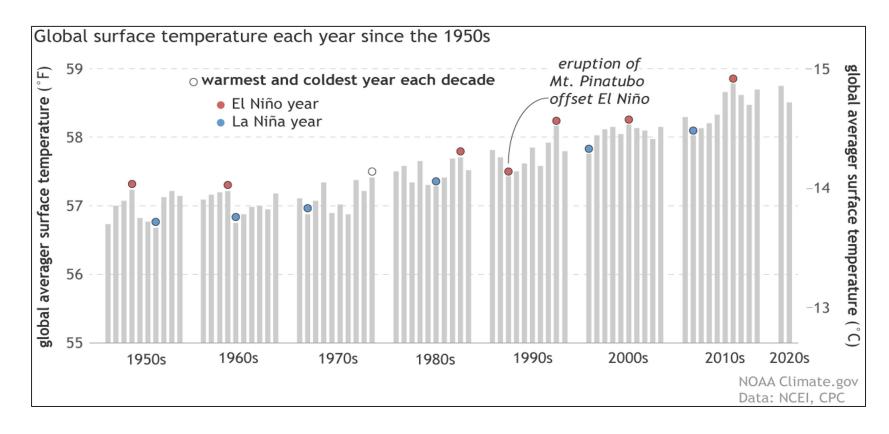














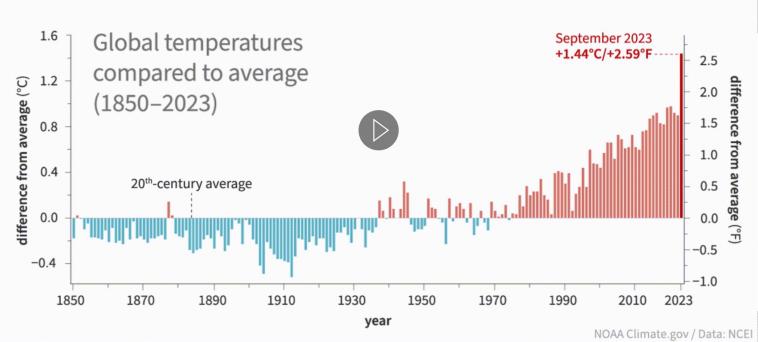




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#### **Smashing records**

## HOTTEST SEPTEMBER ON RECORD



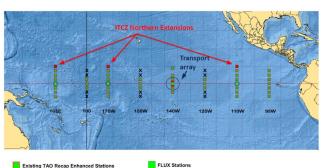




## How do we forecast?

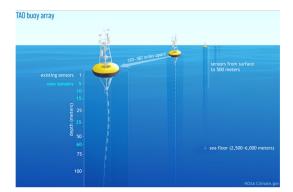
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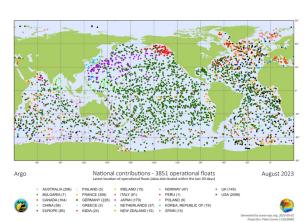
#### What information is collected?



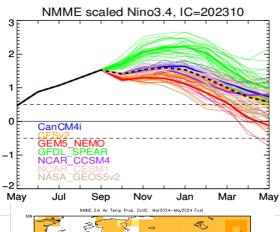
ADCP Stations

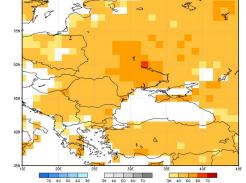












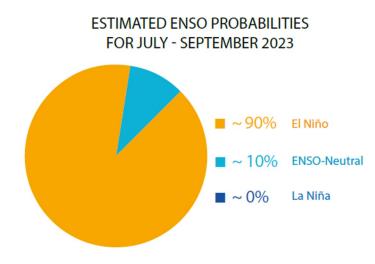






#### What is the US role?

- The National Weather Service's Climate Prediction Center (CPC) is the US federal lead on tracking the status of ENSO events, El Niño and La Niña.
- CPC is charged with issuing official ENSO outlooks, and declaring the start and end to El Niño/La Niña events.
- The US also contributes to the World Meteorological Organization's (WMO) ENSO outlook with partner nations



WMO 2023 ENSO Outlook





https://public.wmo.int/en/our-mandate/climate/el-ni%C3%B1ola-ni%C3%B1a-update















#### How does the science come together?

- CPC's ENSO team meets monthly to discuss current observations, model forecast, and thoughts from an extended group of ENSO experts.
- Each member of the ENSO team independently produces a probabilistic forecast for the chances of El Nino, La Nina, or ENSO-Neutral out ten overlapping 3-month seasons.
- The final ENSO outlook averages all the forecasters' probabilities.
- Forecasters also predict the sea surface temperature anomaly in the Nino3.4 region for the same time periods, which are used to determine the strength outlook for any El Nino or La Nina event.





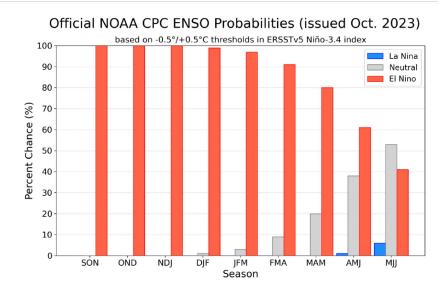
## 2023 ENSO Outlook



#### 2023-2024 El Niño Advisory



- El Niño is predicted with near certainty (>99%) to persist through the Northern Hemisphere winter
- Anticipate that El Niño will continue to grow through the fall, peaking this winter with moderate-to-strong intensity
  - 97% chance of, at least, a moderate strength event
  - 75% chance of a strong El Niño
  - ~30% chance that this El Niño reaches the historically strong levels



**CPC/IRI Official Probabilistic ENSO Forecast** 



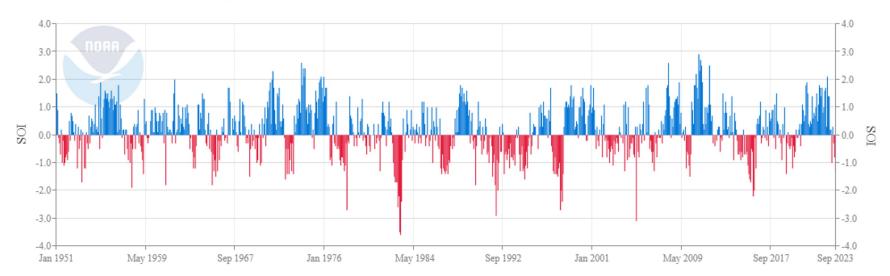




### **Current Regional Atmospheric Conditions**





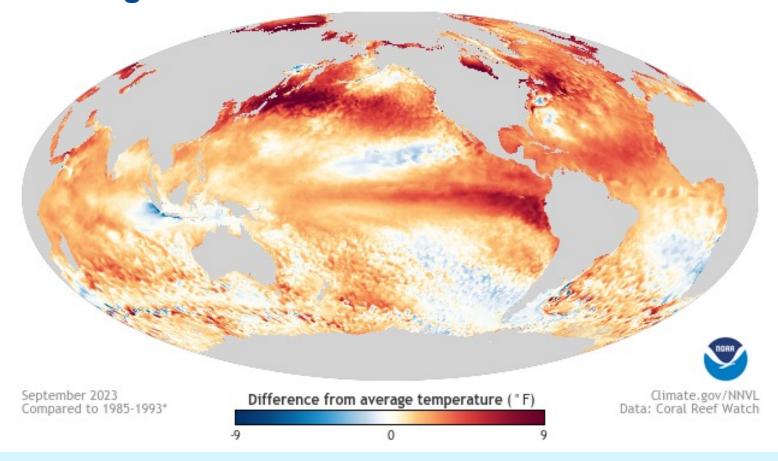


Source: https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/data/indices/soi





#### **Current Regional Ocean Conditions**















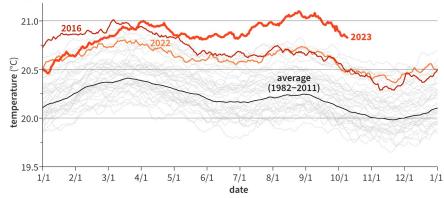




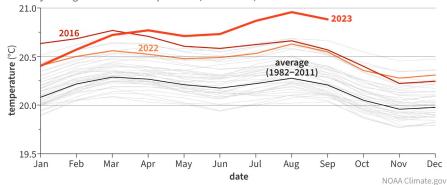
- Global ocean temperatures are still running way above average
- This El Niño is operating in a different world than any previous El Niño

Record heat in global oceans in September 2023 (60 °N-60 °S)

Daily sea surface temperature (OISST data)



Monthly average sea surface temperature (ERSST data)

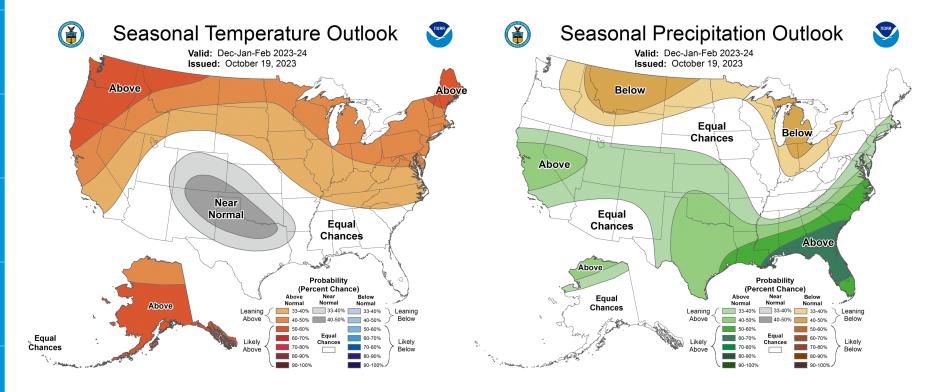






# US Impacts? Not the only game in town

#### **Climate Outlook**

















### El Niño and Ecosystem Impacts







Widespread coral bleaching due to much warmer-than-average ocean temperatures across the Pacific



Will know if permanent after recedes



Could have long term fishery impacts



Northward/shoreward shift for many subtropical species



Ex: Range shifts for Pacific hake→ increased salmon bycatch risk in the hake fishery



Ex: Purse seine and longline fleets from the Western Pacific shift eastward by up to 2,000 km



